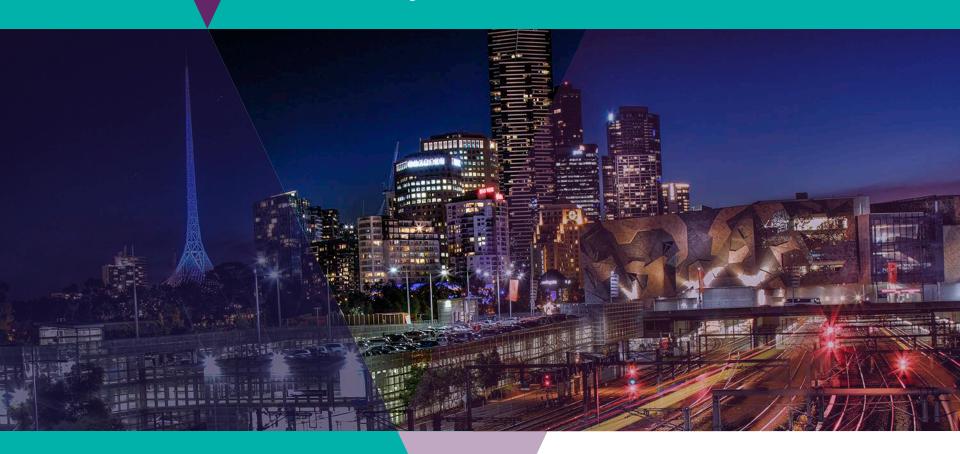
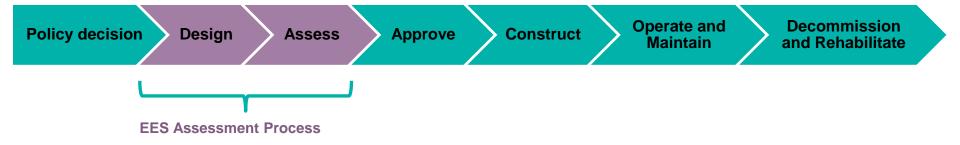
Inquiry into Infrastructure Projects

Economy and Infrastructure Committee





Project Lifecycle and Environmental Regulation



The EES process deals with the potential social, environmental and economic impact of a project. It can:

- De-risk project delivery by managing impacts.
- Ensure the effective and efficient use of public funds.
- Provide public input to project design and approval decisions.
- Enable several approval decisions to be made.

Where does the EES process fit in?

Victoria has a broad suite of planning and environmental legislation:

Issue-specific environmental legislation such as:

- Heritage Act 1995
- Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2006
- Water Act 1989

Primary planning or environmental approvals – assessment and approval for projects with land use planning or environmental impacts including:

- Planning and Environment Act 1987
- Environment Protection Act 1970

Formal Impact Assessment – draws together a wide variety of different impacts, several of which could be significant, into a single formalised assessment process:

- Environment Effects Statement under the Environment Effects Act 1978
- Comprehensive Impact Statement under the Major Transport Projects
 Facilitation Act 2009

Why is an EES used?

A formal, large scale impact assessment is efficient and best manages impacts.

- Single process to assess a wide range of impacts.
- Efficiency gains from combined assessment of numerous issue specific or complex primary approvals.
- Manages project and environmental risks.
- Public input on a range of issues.



Administration and Current Projects

The EES process currently applies to two major infrastructure projects:

- 1. Melbourne Metro Declared under the Environment Effects Act 1978 on 3 September 2015.
- 2. Western Distributor- Declared under the Environment Effects Act 1978 on 23 December 2015.

Head of power: Environment Effects Act 1978

Administered by: The Minister for Planning

Guidance: Ministerial Guidelines for Assessment of

Environmental Effects under the EE Act

Melbourne Metro Rail Project EES

What's happened?

- Public exhibition of the EES and draft Planning Scheme Amendment from May - July 2016, with 397 submissions received.
- Joint Inquiry / Advisory Committee (IAC) was appointed by the Minister for Planning, tasked with the review of the EES, draft Planning Scheme Amendment and public submissions.
- Public Hearings were held from August October 2016, with more than 100 parties heard.

What's next?

- IAC to submit its report mid to late November 2016.
- Minister for Planning to issue his Assessment.

Western Distributor EES

What's happened?

- Minister for Planning issued final EES scoping requirements to DEDJTR in March 2016
- A technical reference group was convened to provide guidance with the scoping requirements and preparation of the EES
- EES currently being prepared by the Western Distributor Authority

What's next?

- Minister for Planning, if satisfied, to authorise EES for public exhibition
- EES to be advertised and submissions to be invited in early 2017

Level Crossing Removal program

- Being delivered by the Level Crossing Removal Authority
- Currently no projects are subjected to an EES process under the Environment Effects Act 1978
- To date, planning scheme amendments to facilitate the delivery of 18 level crossing removals have been approved, plus an amendment to facilitate the Pakenham East Train Maintenance Depot
- Frankston Rail Corridor recently announced LXRA assessment is underway